

Canadian Army officers, officers from the other two Services and from the armies of other Commonwealth and NATO countries also attend. Canadian Army officers must pass a searching entrance examination before being considered eligible for staff training. The system of instruction is based upon the study of précis and other references, demonstrations and lectures, indoor and outdoor exercises. Most of the work is carried on in syndicates, each under a member of the directing staff. Attention is paid to both individual and team work. Aside from purely military subjects such as the study of modern tactics, the curriculum includes world affairs and lectures by prominent guest speakers.

The National Defence College at Kingston, Ont., opened on Jan. 5, 1948, is a senior defence college providing an eleven month course of study covering the economic, political and military aspects of the defence of Canada. Senior officers and civil servants from the Armed Forces and Government Departments attend as well as a few representatives from industry. An extensive lecture course is provided, with lecturers chosen from leaders in various fields in Canada, the United States, the United Kingdom and other countries. In addition educational tours and visits to certain parts of Canada, the United States, Europe and the Middle East are made to give students more knowledge of conditions and influences in their own and other countries. The ninth course, from September 1955 to July 1956, was attended by 29 students, three from the Royal Canadian Navy, four each from the Canadian Army and the Royal Canadian Air Force, one from the Defence Research Board, two from the Department of External Affairs, one each from the Department of National Defence, the Department of Trade and Commerce, the Department of Transport (Air), the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, the Bell Telephone Company of Canada and the Canadian Pacific Railway. Representation from outside Canada included one member each from the Royal Navy, the Royal Air Force, the British Army, the Foreign Office of the United Kingdom, the United States Navy, the United States Air Force, the United States Army and the State Department of the United States.

The Royal Canadian Air Force Staff College at Armour Heights in Toronto, Ont., is a permanent establishment preparing officers for staff appointments in the Air Force. The course affords advance service education for officers normally of Wing Commander and Squadron Leader ranks, fitting them for appointments appropriate to their present ranks and preparing them to assume higher appointments. The Directing Staff selected from the Royal Canadian Air Force is augmented by an exchange officer from the Canadian Army and one from the Royal Air Force. The student body in addition to Royal Canadian Air Force officers has one or two representatives each from the Royal Canadian Navy, the Canadian Army, the Royal Air Force and the United States Air Force. The objective of the course is to assist the student to think logically and express his ideas with precision both orally and in writing, to know his Service and understand the employment of air forces, to keep abreast of scientific and technical development that may affect the employment of air forces and to gain a perspective of national and international problems. Lecturers are drawn when desirable from industry, the Armed Forces, the diplomatic corps and universities. Instructional visits are made to commercial and military establishments at home and abroad.

PART II.—DEFENCE PRODUCTION*

Canada embarked on a program of defence preparedness after the outbreak of hostilities in Korea in 1950 in order to rebuild the level of her Armed Forces and to furnish them with the latest types of equipment. As a result the Department of Defence Production was established on Apr. 1, 1951 under the provisions of the Defence Production Act (R.S.C. 1952, c. 62) to procure the goods and services required by the Department of National Defence and to ensure that the necessary production capacity and materials would be available to support the defence production program. The Department also buys material for the civil defence program and serves as procurement agent for the Canadian Commercial Corporation, a Crown company primarily responsible for the purchase in Canada of

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